## **Woodland View Junior**

School

**Ivy Road** 

**Spixworth** 

**Norwich** 

Norfolk

**NR10 3PY** 

Tel: 01603 898292

## **Spixworth Infant School**

**Ivy Road** 

**Spixworth** 

**Norwich** 

Norfolk

**NR10 3PX** 

Tel: 01603 898483

## **Sparhawk Infant and**

**Nursery School** 

**Sparhawk Avenue** 

**Sprowston** 

**Norwich** 

**Norfolk** 

**NR7 8BU** 

Tel: 01603 406406

## The Federation of Spixworth Schools



EXCLUSION

TABLE

FOR

INFECTION CONTROL



D 1 11.		
Rashes and skin	Recommended period to be	Comments
infections	kept away from school, nursery or childminder	
Athlete's foot	None	Athlete's foot is not a serious condition.
Affilete s root	None	Treatment is recommended
Chickenpox	Until all vesicles have crusted	See: Vulnerable children and female staff –
Cilickenpox	over	pregnancy
Cold sores	None	Avoid kissing and contact with the sores. Cold
(Herpes simplex)	Tione	sores are generally mild and self-limiting
German measles	Four days from onset of rash	Preventable by immunisation (MMR x 2 doses).
(Rubella)		See: Female staff – pregnancy
Hand, foot and	None	Contact the duty room if a large number of
mouth		children are affected.
Impetigo	Until lesions are crusted and	Exclusion may be considered in some
	healed, or 48 hours after	circumstances
	commencing antibiotic	
	treatment	
Measles	Four days from onset of rash	Preventable by immunisation (MMR x 2 doses).
		See: Vulnerable children and female staff –
Marilla and	N	pregnancy
Molluscum	None	A self-limiting condition
contagiosum Ringworm	Evaluation not usually required	Treatment is required
Roseola	Exclusion not usually required None	None
(infantum)	Tronc	Trone
Scabies	Child can return after first	Household and close contacts require treatment
	treatment	'
Scarlet fever	Child can return 24 hours	Antibiotic treatment recommended for the
	after commencing	affected child. If more than one child has
	appropriate antibiotic	scarlet fever contact PHA duty room for further
	treatment	advice
Slapped cheek	None once rash has	See: Vulnerable children and female staff –
(fifth disease or parvovirus B19)	developed	pregnancy
Shingles	Excluded only if rash is	Can cause chickenpox in those who are not
Jilligica	weeping and cannot be	immune i.e. have not had chickenpox. It is
	covered	spread by very close contact and touch. If
		further information is required, contact the duty
		room. See: Vulnerable children and female
		staff – pregnancy
Warts and	None	Verrucae should be covered in swimming pools,
verrucae		gymnasiums and changing rooms.
Diarrhoea and	Recommended period to be	Comments
vomiting illness	kept away from school,	
	nursery or childminder	
Diarrhoea and/or	48 hours from last episode of	
vomiting E Coli O157	diarrhoea or vomiting	Frontier explosion to result 1.0
E Coll O15/	Should be excluded for 48 hours from the last episode of	Further exclusion is required for young children under five and those who have difficulty in
	diarrhoea	adhering to hygiene practices
		Children in these categories should be
Typhoid [and		excluded until there is evidence of
paratyphoid]	Further exclusion may be	microbiological clearance. This guidance may
(enteric fever)	required for some children	also apply to some contacts of cases who may
	until they are no longer	require microbiological clearance
	excreting	
	· ·	I I
Chi a lla	Ü	
Shigella	Ç	
(dysentery)	·	Exclusion from swimming is advisable for two
	Exclude for 48 hours from the last episode of diarrhoea	Exclusion from swimming is advisable for two weeks after the diarrhoea has settled

Other Infections	Recommended period to be kept away from school, nursery or childminder	Comments
Conjunctivitis	None	If an outbreak/cluster occurs, consult the duty room
Diptheria	Exclusion is essential.	Family contacts must be excluded until cleared to return by the duty room. Preventable by vaccination
Glandular fever	None	
Head lice	None	Treatment is recommended only in cases where live lice can be seen
Hepatitis A		The duty room will advise on any vaccination or other control measure that are needed for close contacts of a single case of hepatitis A and for suspected outbreaks
Hepatitis B, C, HIV, Aids	None	Hepatitis B & C & HIV are bloodborne viruses that are not infectious through casual contact.  For cleaning of body fluid spills
Meningococcal meningitis / septicaemia		Some forms of meningococcal disease are preventable by vaccination. There is no reason to exclude siblings or other close contacts of a case. In case of an outbreak, it may be necessary to provide antibiotics with or without meningococcal vaccination to close contacts
Meningitis due to other bacteria		Hib and pneumococcal meningitis are preventable by vaccination. There is no reason to exclude siblings or other close contacts of a case
Meningitis viral	None	Milder illness. There is no reason to exclude siblings and other close contacts of a case.  Contact tracing is not required
MRSA	None	Good hygiene, in particular handwashing and environmental cleaning are important to minimise any danger of spread.
Mumps		Preventable by vaccination (MMR x 2 doses)
Threadworms	None	Treatment is recommended for the child and household contacts
Tonsilitis	None	There are many causes, but most cases are due to viruses and do not need an antibiotic

Respiratory Infections	Recommended period to be kept away from school, nursery or childminder	Comments
Flu (influenza)	Until recovered	See: vulnerable children
Tuberculosis	Always consult the duty room	Requires prolonged close contact for spread
Whooping cough (pertussis)	48 hours from commencing antibiotic treatment, or 21 days from onset of illness if no antibiotic treatment	Preventable by vaccination. After treatment
Cough and/or cold	None	Good hygiene, in particular handwashing is important.
COVID - 19	Until recovered (excluding a cough after day 10) and not before 5 days after their symptoms started and only after two negative LFT tests	Children and young people with COVID-19 should not attend their education setting while they are infectious. They should take an LFD test from 5 days after their symptoms started (or the day their test was taken if they did not have symptoms) followed by another one the next day. If both these tests results are negative, they should return to their educational setting if recovered.

